

M Sc. (3<sup>rd</sup> Semester) (Mid term)

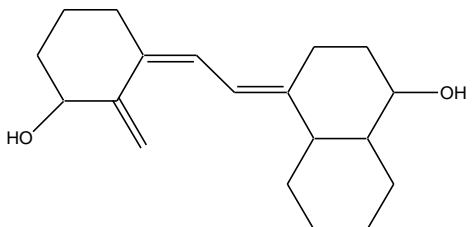
Course Title: Spectroscopy of Organic Compounds (PCH-DCE-305)

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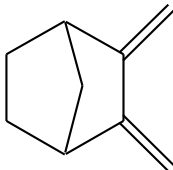
Max. Marks: 30

Time: 40min

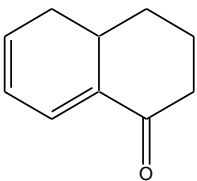
- UV spectrum of acetaldehyde has absorption peak around 290 nm. What type of transition is responsible for this absorption.
  - $\pi \rightarrow \pi^*$
  - $n \rightarrow \pi^*$
  - $\sigma \rightarrow \sigma^*$
  - $n \rightarrow \sigma^*$
- Which among the following chromophores acts as an independent chromophore?
  - Azo group  $N=N$
  - Ketonic group  $C=O$
  - Alkenic group  $C=C$
  - All the above
- Given the fact that 1,3 butadiene has a UV absorption of 217 nm, the absorption wavelength (in nm) for the conjugated system shown below is
 



  - 278
  - 282
  - 288
  - 293
- Adding the strain correction of 15 nm to the bicyclic system, the absorption maximum for the compound given below will be
 



  - 248
  - 252
  - 260
  - 268
- By increasing the polarity of solvent,  $n \rightarrow \pi^*$  transitions undergo
  - Red shift
  - Blue shift
  - Red shift and blue shift
  - Neither of the above
- Woodward Fieser rule is not applicable for
  - Conjugated polyenes having more than five double bonds
  - Systems having distortion of chromophore
  - Systems having ring strain
  - All the above
- By the introduction of polar group on  $\alpha$  carbon in cyclic ketones (steroids), which position is effective in bringing the absorption maximum to longer wavelength.
  - Equatorial position
  - Axial position
  - Both a and b
  - Neither a nor b
- Absorption maximum for the given compound using base value of 215 nm for the  $\alpha,\beta$ -unsaturated carbonyl compound is
 



  - 310 nm
  - 317 nm
  - 304 nm
  - 323 nm
- Which among the following isomers of benzenes show absorption at longer wavelength

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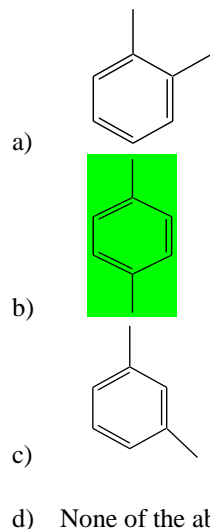
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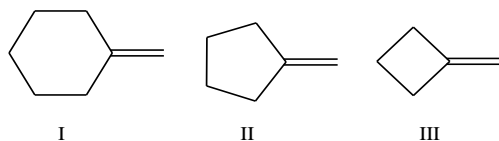
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10. Which among the following band is formed by the forbidden transition ( $n \rightarrow \pi^*$ ) and is known to occur by the presence of chromophoric group having at least one lone pair of electron/s on the hetero atom

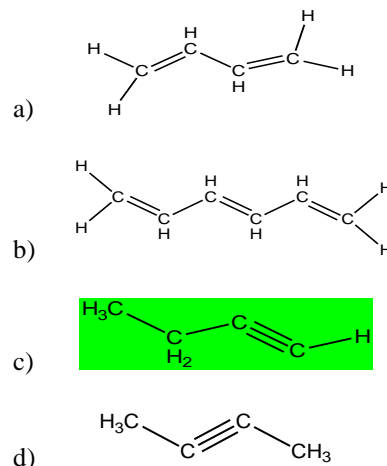
- a) K-Band  
**b) R-Band**  
 c) B-Band  
 d) E-Band

11. The correct order of IR stretching frequency of the C=C in the following olefins is



- a) I > II > III  
 b) II > I > III  
**c) III > II > I**  
 d) I > III > II

12. Among the compounds given in the option a-d, the one that exhibits a sharp band around  $3300 \text{ cm}^{-1}$  in the IR spectrum is (Note\* s character is directly proportional to wavenumber)



13. The bond that gives the most intense band in the Infrared spectrum for its stretching vibration is

- a) C-H  
 b) N-H  
**c) O-H**  
 d) S-H

14. Match the compounds in List-I with the stretching frequencies ( $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ) of principal functional group given in List-II

List-I	List-II
A.	I) $3600 \text{ cm}^{-1}$
B.	II) $3400 \text{ cm}^{-1}$
C.	III) $1750 \text{ cm}^{-1}$
D.	IV) $1725 \text{ cm}^{-1}$

- a) (A-III), (B-IV), (C-II), (D-I)  
 b) (A-II), (B-I), (C-III), (D-IV)  
**c) (A-III), (B-IV), (C-I), (D-II)**  
 d) (A-III), (B-II), (C-I), (D-IV)

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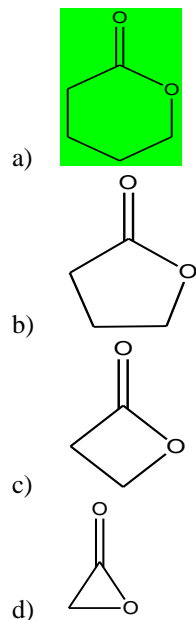
15. Fermi resonance occurs when

- a) Vibrational levels are of same symmetry species
- b) Interacting groups are located in the same molecule for appreciable mechanical coupling to occur
- c) Molecule transfers its energy from fundamental to overtone and back again
- d) All the above**

16. Best used solvent/s in case of IR spectroscopy is/are

- a) Chloroform
- b) Carbon tetrachloride
- c) Carbon disulphide
- d) All the above**

17. Among the compounds given in the option a-d, C=O stretching vibration of lactones will be lowest in



18. On dilution of dihydroxy compounds capable of forming intramolecular hydrogen bonding in non-polar solvents like chloroform and carbon tetrachloride, the effect on O-H stretching frequency will

- a) increase with dilution
- b) decrease with dilution
- c) remain same**
- d) cannot be predicted

19. An organic compound displays a strong band around 1730-1750  $\text{cm}^{-1}$  and a weak doublet around 2720-2820  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ . The compound belongs to a/an

- a) Anhydrides
- b) Esters
- c) Aldehydes**
- d) Ketones.

20. How is the O-H absorption peak shifted by replacing H by a D?

(Note\* The O-H and O-D bonds have approximately the same bond strength (Force constant))

- a) O-D absorption peak remains same as O-H
- b) O-D absorption peak increases
- c) O-D absorption peak decreases**
- d) None of the above

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